

An aerial photograph of a coastline. The top portion of the image is a solid dark teal color. Below it, the image transitions into an aerial view of a beach and ocean. The beach is a light tan color, and the water is a vibrant turquoise. The water's surface is textured with small waves and ripples. A small, dark, rocky outcrop is visible in the lower right quadrant of the water.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL, AND GOVERNANCE

The Rise of ESG

Private Capital Investment in Environmental Innovation

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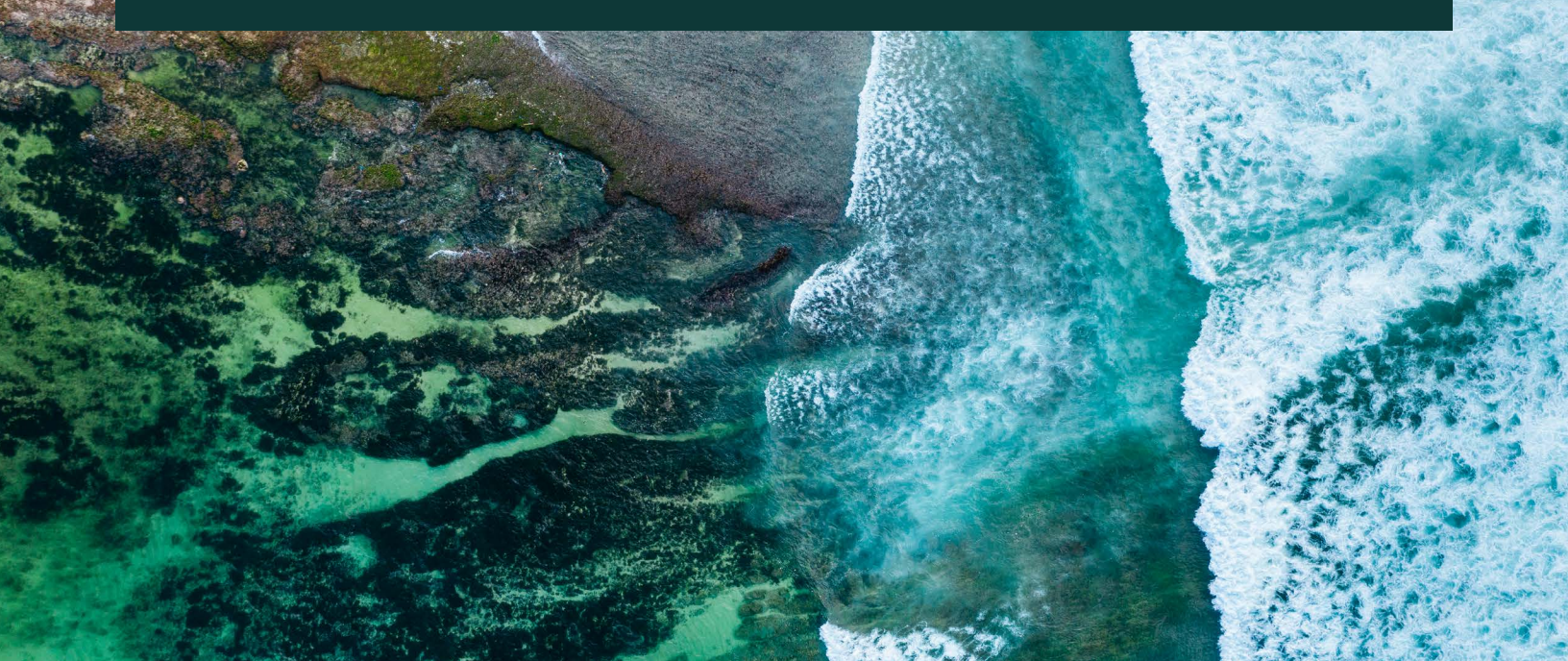
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SECTION ONE

Introduction

Since a 2004 United Nations report introduced the term environmental, social, and governance ([ESG](#)), interest in ESG disclosures have spread far beyond financial services, and entire industries emerged to meet the needs of an increasingly globalized and populous world.

ESG disclosures are now standard for many organizations as public awareness grows around organizational values and principles.

Companies seeking access to capital from firms that committed to shifting their impact are finding ESG matters to be a worthy investment. In addition to finances, there are opportunities for companies to further innovate and benefit the global society.

Demand from customers, stakeholders, and employees for environmental and social action is on the rise, and investors are heeding the call.

In PitchBook's [2022 Sustainable Investment Survey](#), 56% of global general partner respondents said their portfolio companies use a standard framework to measure and report financially material ESG risk factors, while 23% said their portfolio companies use a custom methodology.

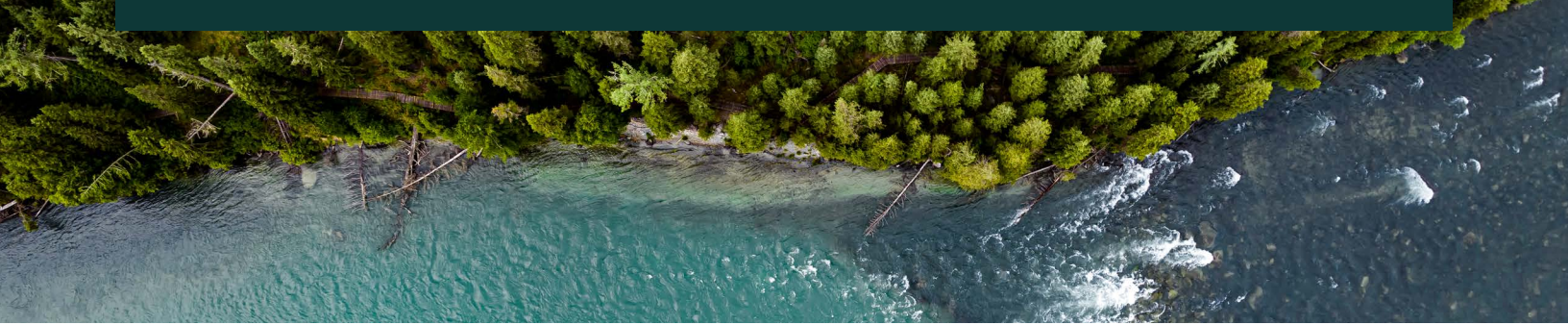
One of the primary challenges regarding ESG is fragmented measurement and reporting methodologies; the most common frameworks are summarized below.

COMMON FRAMEWORK OVERVIEW

	CDP <i>Carbon Disclosure Project</i>	CDSB <i>Climate Disclosure Standards Board</i>	GRI <i>Global Reporting Initiative</i>	IIRC <i>International Integrated Reporting Council</i>	SASB <i>Sustainability Accounting Standards Board</i>	TCFD <i>Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures</i>
Scope of Information	Environmental	Environmental	Environmental, social, operational governance, and economic	Environmental, social, economic, for physical- and knowledge-based assets	Environmental, social, and operational governance	Climate
Type of Guidance	De facto standards	Framework	Standards	Framework	Standards	Framework
Industry Agnostic or Industry Specific	Industry agnostic	Industry agnostic	Industry agnostic	Industry agnostic	Industry specific	Industry agnostic
Target Audience	All stakeholders	Providers of capital	All stakeholders	Providers of capital	Providers of capital	Providers of capital
Approach to Materiality	Significant impacts on the economy, environment, and people	Enterprise value creation	Significant impacts on the economy, environment, and people	Enterprise value creation	Enterprise value creation	Enterprise value creation

Of the three segments of ESG, the E, which refers to environmental issues, is the most mature area. Organizations have been reporting on and conducting examinations and reviews of environmental data for decades.

This report offers in-depth analysis of private investment in companies working toward a more environmentally conscious future. Quantifying trends within venture capital (VC), private equity (PE), and M&A markets reveals widespread regard for ESG matters despite recent macroeconomic challenges.



Executive Summary

Investment data throughout this report is focused on environmental sustainability and defined using the following three verticals:



Agricultural technology (agtech)



Climate technology (climate tech)



Clean technology (cleantech)

Verticals are defined as specific elements of a company that aren't accurately captured by its industry focus, meaning a variety of different industries are represented within these datasets.

Total VC deal value across these verticals declined 28.6% between 2021 and 2022, slightly lower than overall US VC activity, which dropped 30.8%, according to PitchBook's [Venture Monitor](#).

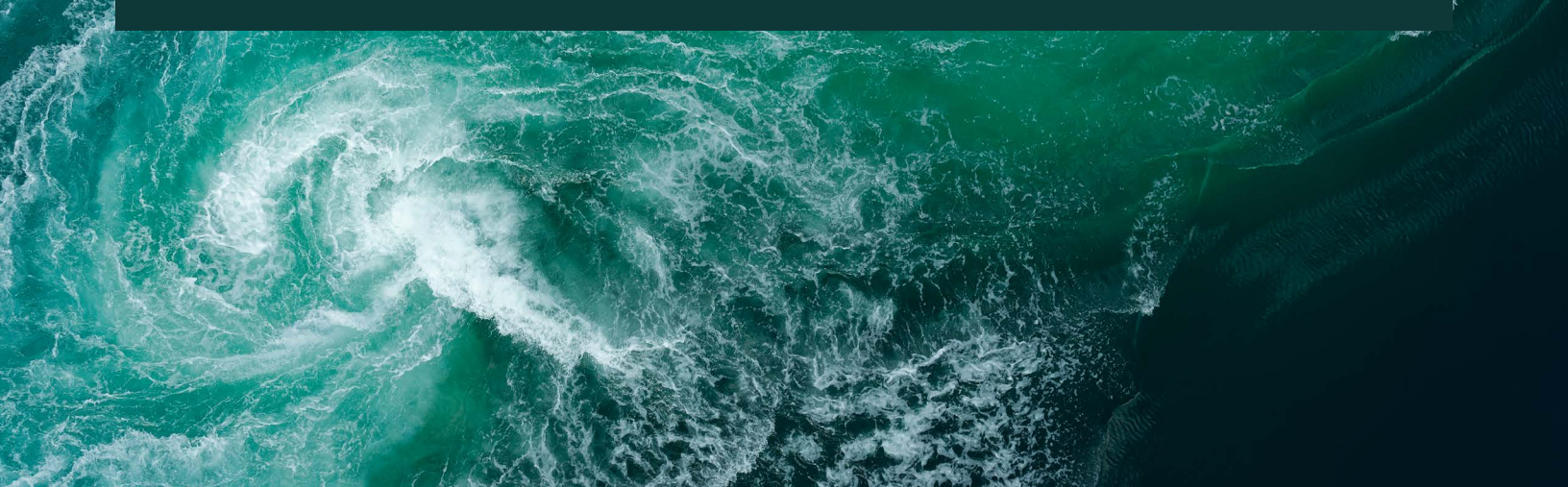
While the surge of broader VC activity in 2021 overshadowed 2022, when market conditions worsened, 2022 marks the second-highest year on record for environmental investments. Median pre-money valuations rose across all company stages, and first-time financing activity proved resilient.

The energy and business products and services (B2B) sectors drove most of the environmental deal value in 2022 across all asset classes, but a variety of other industries increased their involvement in relevant verticals—including the IT sector. Climate tech and cleantech have a broad and growing set of applications, as evidenced by the diversity of sectors investing in them.

PE deal value across environmental verticals declined 21.2% in 2022, in line with broader US PE activity, which dropped approximately 19.5% in the same period, according to PitchBook's [US PE Breakdown](#).

The median PE deal size experienced notable growth, as higher interest rates increased the cost of highly leveraged deals. PE growth and expansion deals, which often involve smaller ownership stakes, took up a far greater share of total PE value in the space.

Environmental M&A deal value dropped by 18.0%, with a more pronounced decline in deal count. Larger deals took up a greater share of M&A deal count because only the most necessary transactions went through, as strategies shifted amid economic uncertainty.



SECTION THREE

Spotlight: Sector Breakdown

FIGURE 1: Share of US VC ESG Deal Count by Sector

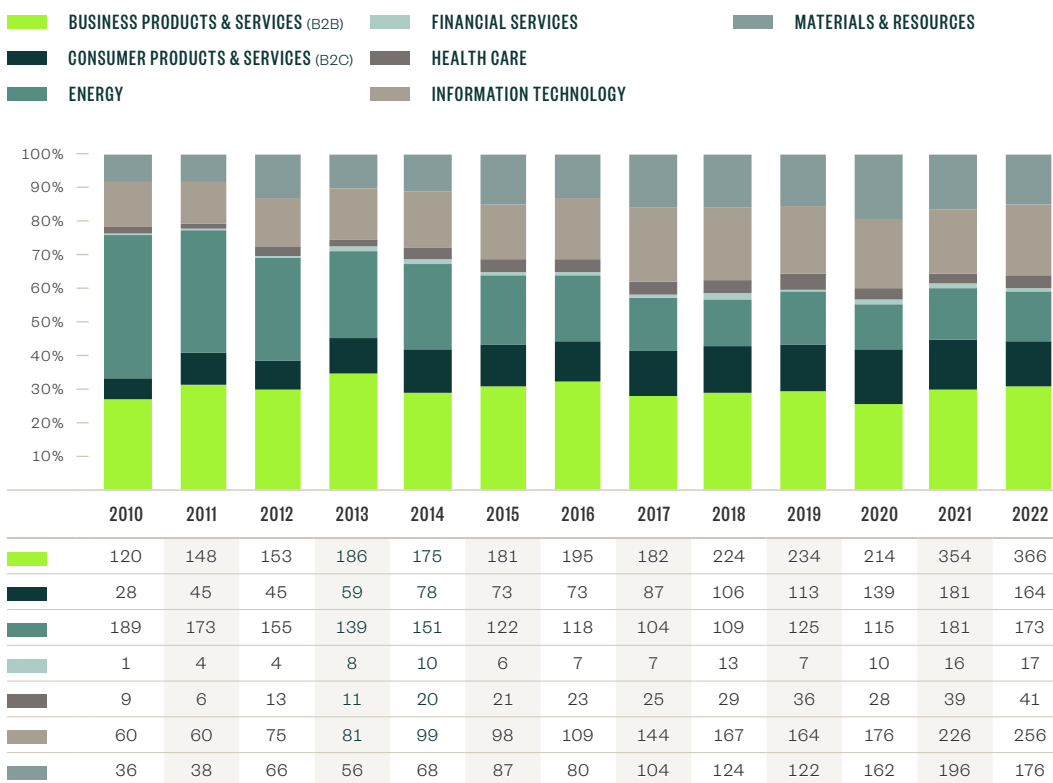


FIGURE 2: Share of US VC ESG Deal Value (\$B) by Sector

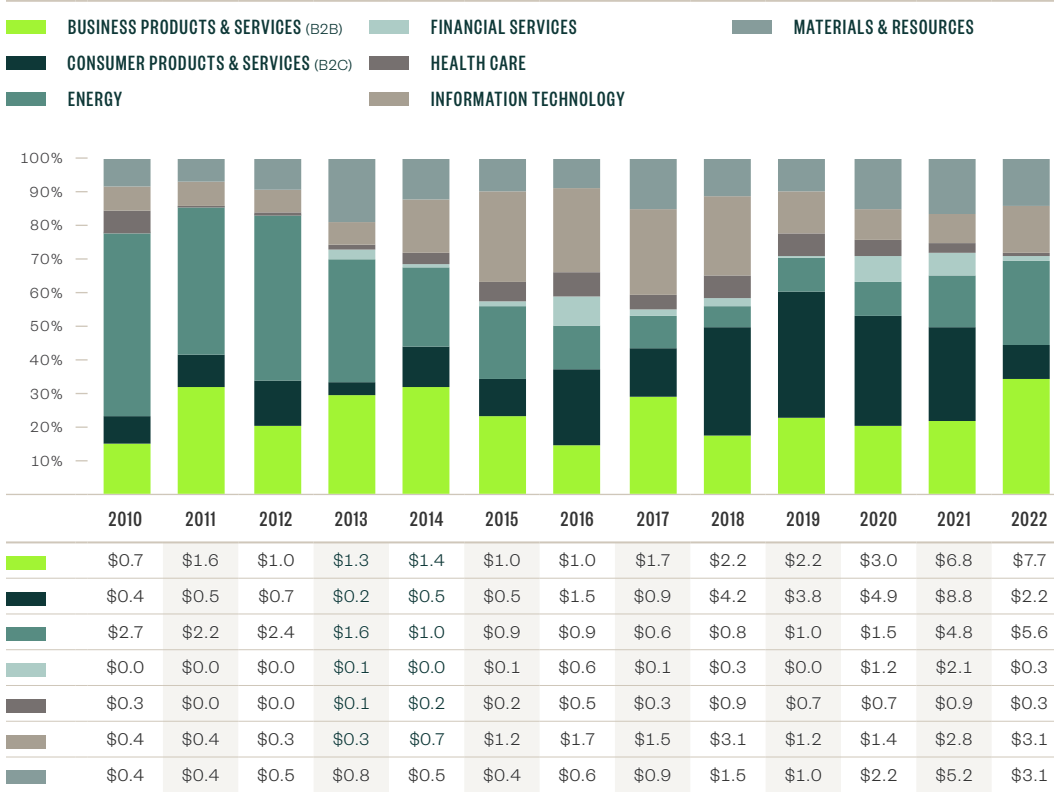


FIGURE 3: Share of US PE ESG Deal Count by Sector

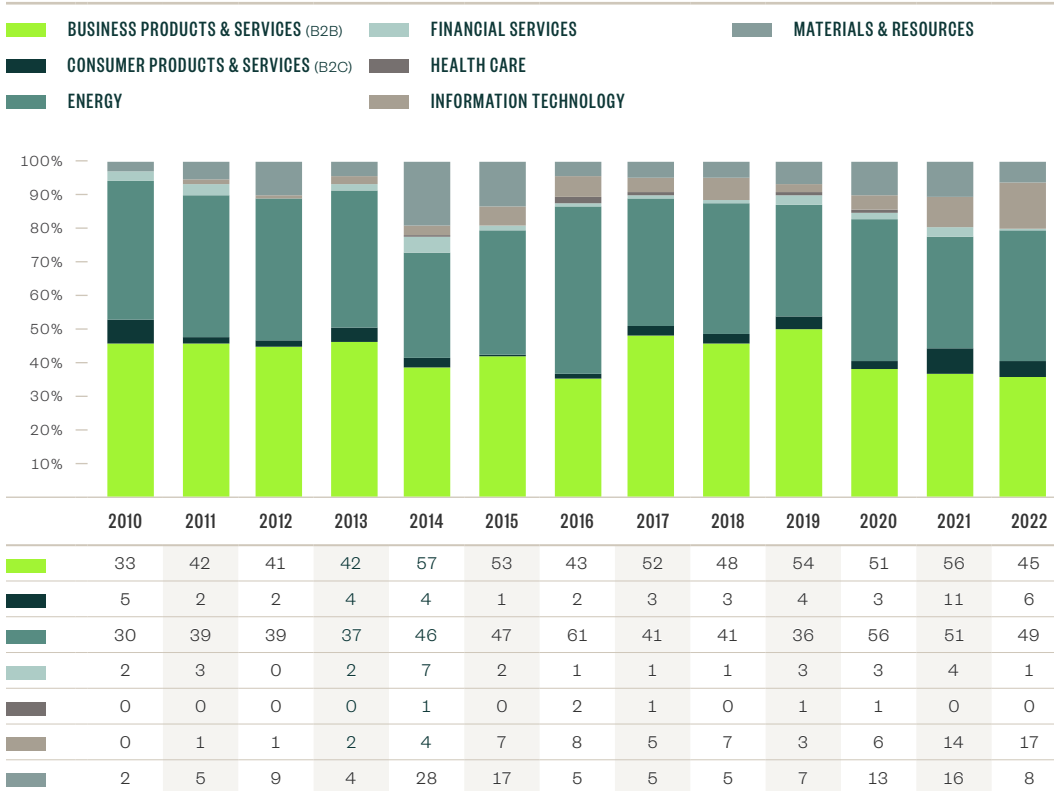


FIGURE 4: Share of US PE ESG Deal Value (\$B) by Sector

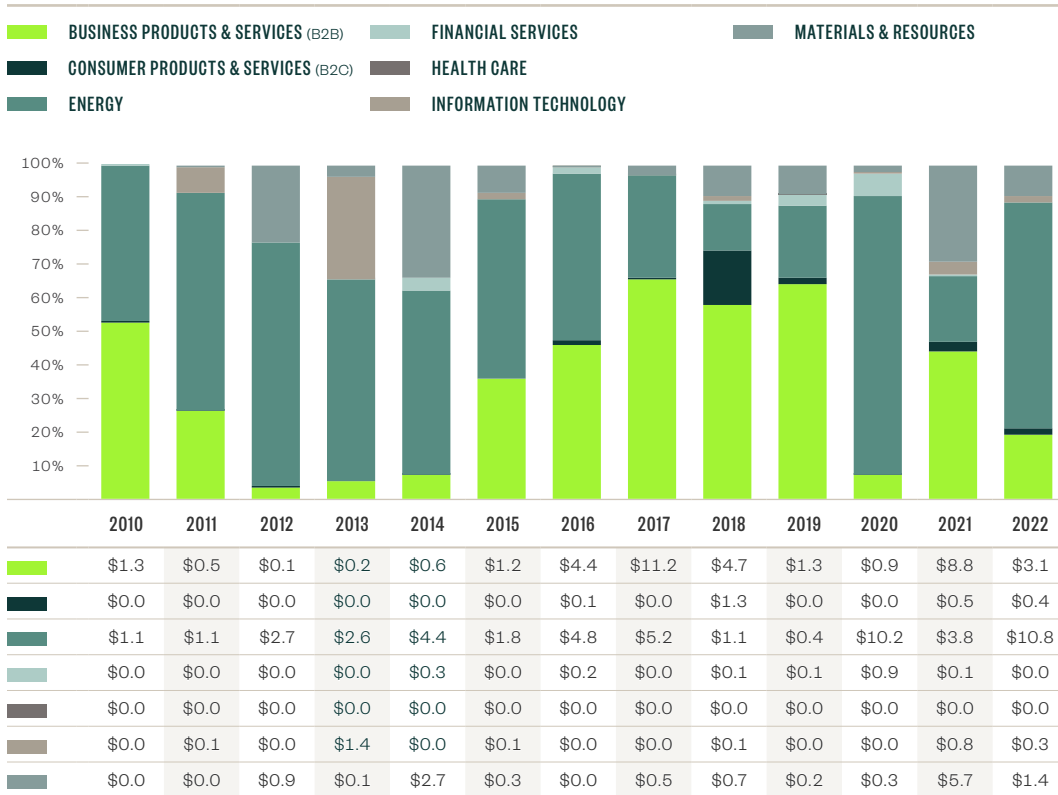


FIGURE 5: Share of US ESG M&A Deal Count by Sector

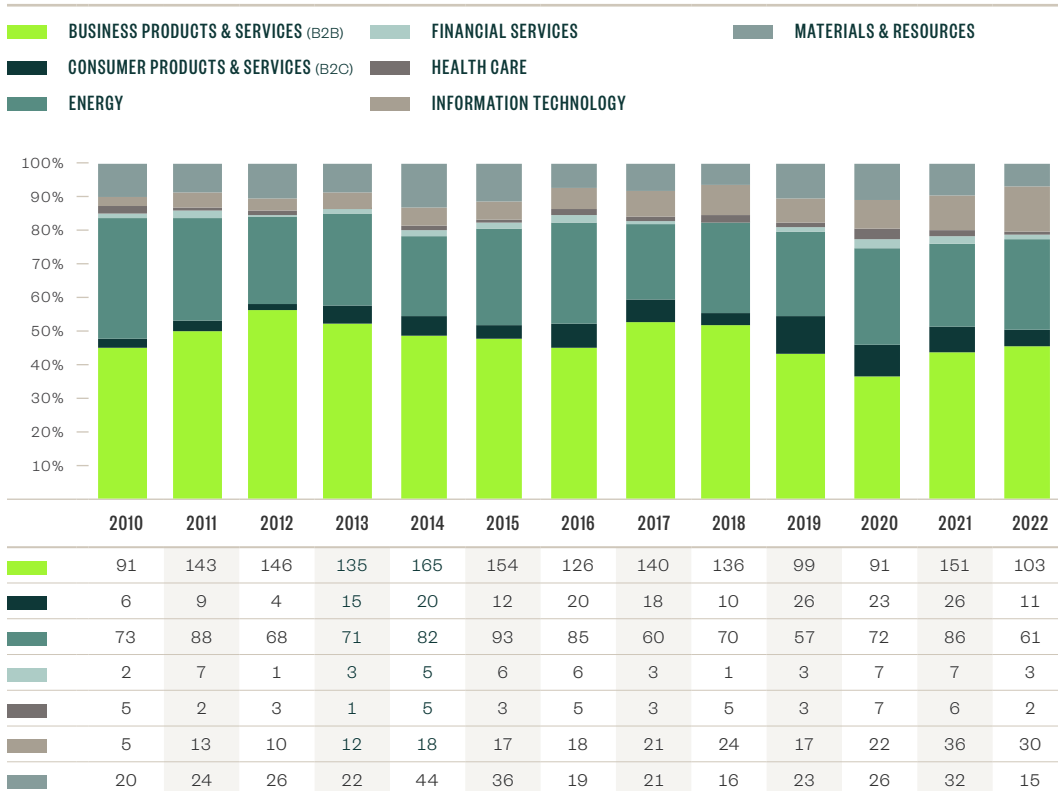
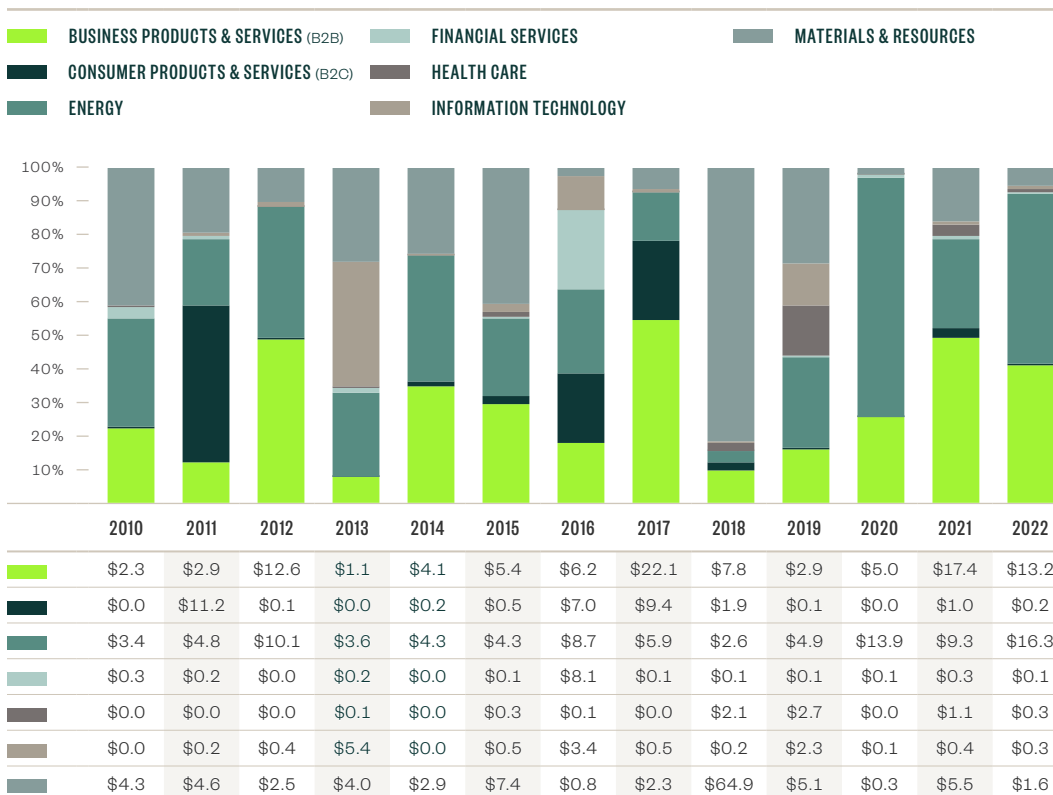


FIGURE 6: Share of US ESG M&A Deal Value (\$B) by Sector



Implementing changes that improve the sustainability of operations is of interest to companies across nearly every industry, and ESG goals are proliferating globally.

Despite the declines in broader VC dealmaking in 2022, several industries closed record levels of deal value involving environmental verticals, including B2B with \$7.7 billion, energy with \$5.6 billion, and IT with \$3.1 billion.

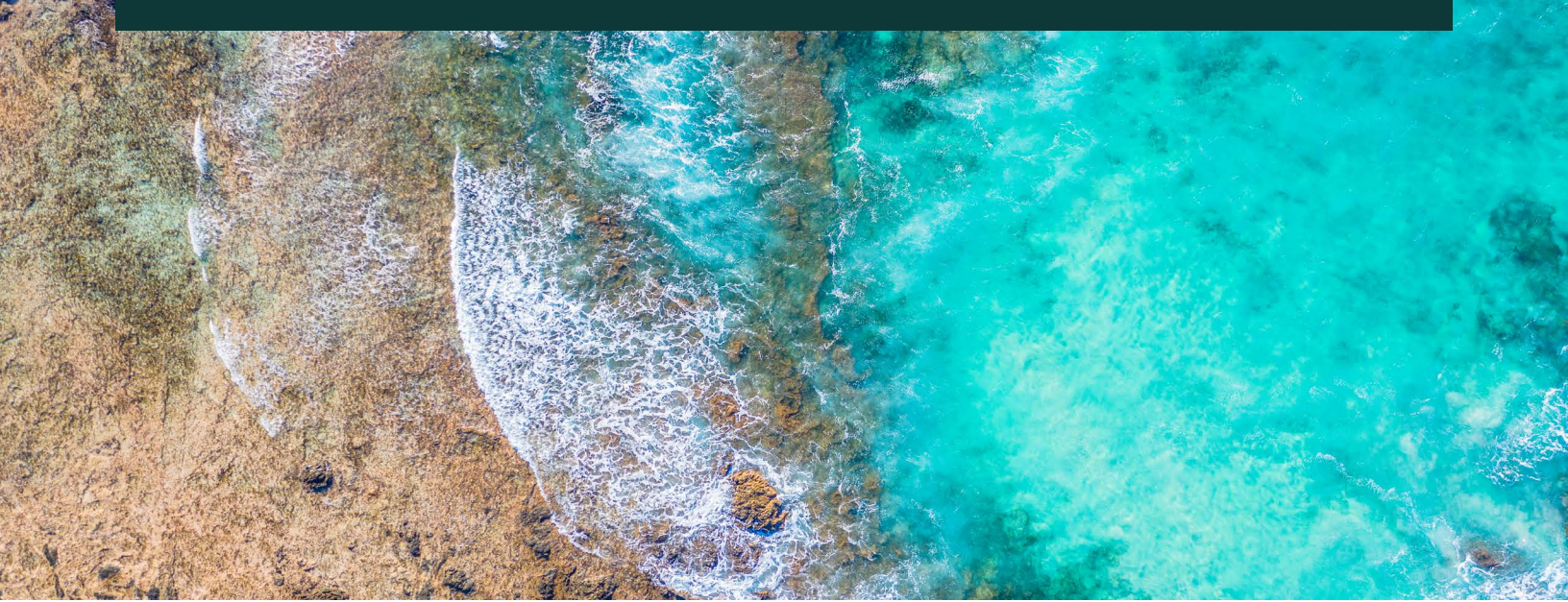
Deal value growth in times of economic uncertainty is a testament to the greater focus placed on sustainable operations and the potential gains their implementation can provide beyond simple brand optics.

The materials and resources industry experienced a marked decline in deal value in 2022 but remains the third-largest industry presence for VC ESG deal value. PE deal value is heavily concentrated in the energy sector, while both energy and B2B sectors dominate environmental M&A deal value.

Commodity-based industries have the most obvious applications for agricultural and climate technologies, as their operations are entrenched in nonrenewable energy use and polluting byproducts. However, many more industries have their own unique environmental impacts and potential to improve operations within the scope of sustainability.

The presence of recycled packaging and vegan ingredients within the consumer space, for example, has expanded rapidly, with increased demand driving adoption of more environmentally conscious practices.

The IT sector completed a record number of environmental deals in 2022, with deal count growing an additional 20% after more than doubling in 2021. The intersection of technology and sustainability grew with the development of new applications, including software that allows companies to track their impact and organize sustainability efforts. Capital-intensive industries produce the largest deals, but deal count is spread further, as interest in environmental sustainability is highly diversified.



“ESG has been a topic of discussion for decades, but we are finally starting to see companies provide information about how they assess and measure their individual impacts on ESG issues.”

– Todd Van der Wel, Partner, Manufacturing & Consumer Products Practice

While only a small portion of overall deal activity, the health care space presents unique opportunities for [ESG investment](#). Health care providers generate massive amounts of waste, much of which is hazardous, and this was exacerbated by the treatment of and response to the COVID-19 pandemic, according to a report by the [World Health Organization](#).

The social and governance implications for the health care space are also significant. Disparate outcomes for certain patient demographics, for example, are attracting increased attention from advocates.

Artificial intelligence and machine learning applications in health care can increase efficiency and accessibility of services but raise issues of patient privacy in the technology age. The operational stress applied to health care systems over the past three years highlighted the need for wide-ranging improvements that could be served by PE capital and expertise.

“Most health care organizations focus on waste. While physical waste, including hazardous materials, is unavoidable, minimizing it is important for both social and financial reasons. The current environment has health care leaders looking for ways to further innovate in all areas to be more socially responsible, and to maximize efficiency.”

– Karl Rebay, Partner, Health Care Consulting Practice

INDUSTRY TRENDS

FIGURE 7: Industry Trends US ESG PE Deal Activity

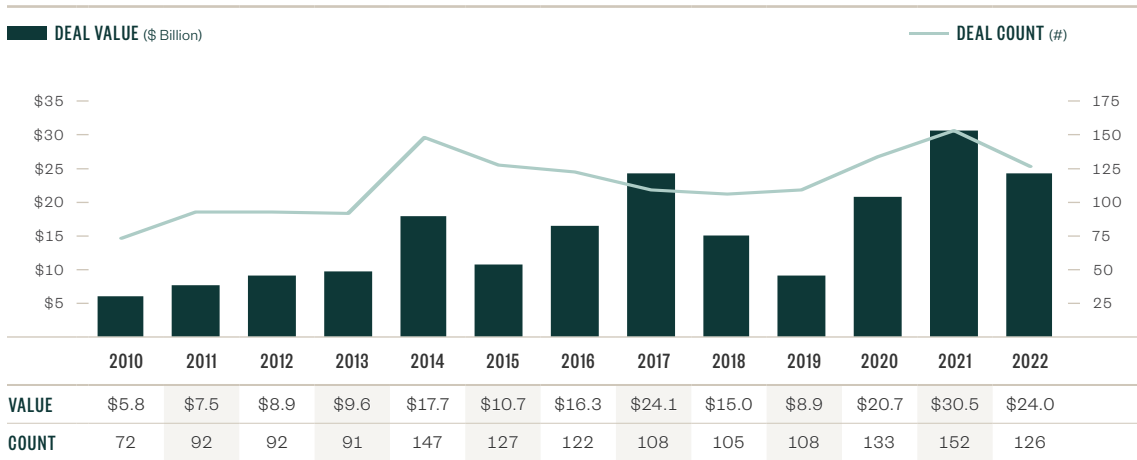


FIGURE 8: Median and Average US ESG PE Deal Size (\$M)

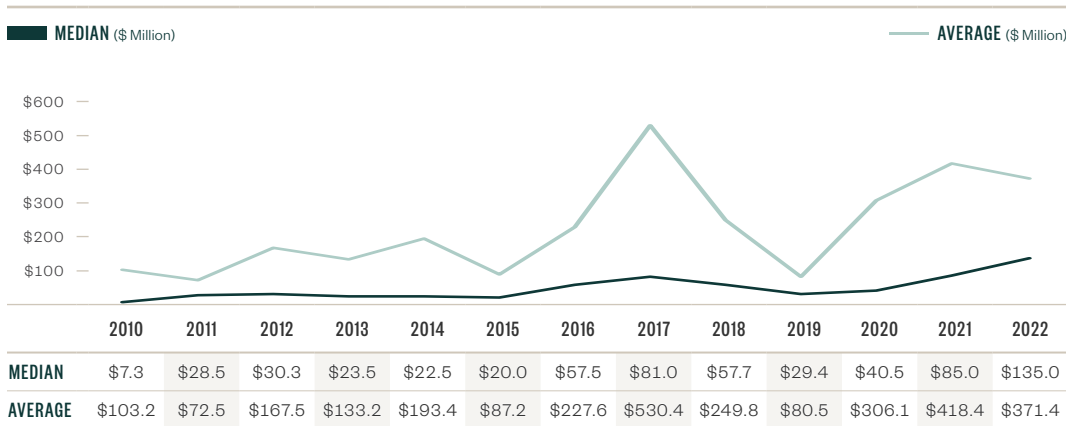


FIGURE 9: Share of US ESG PE Deal Value (\$B) by Type

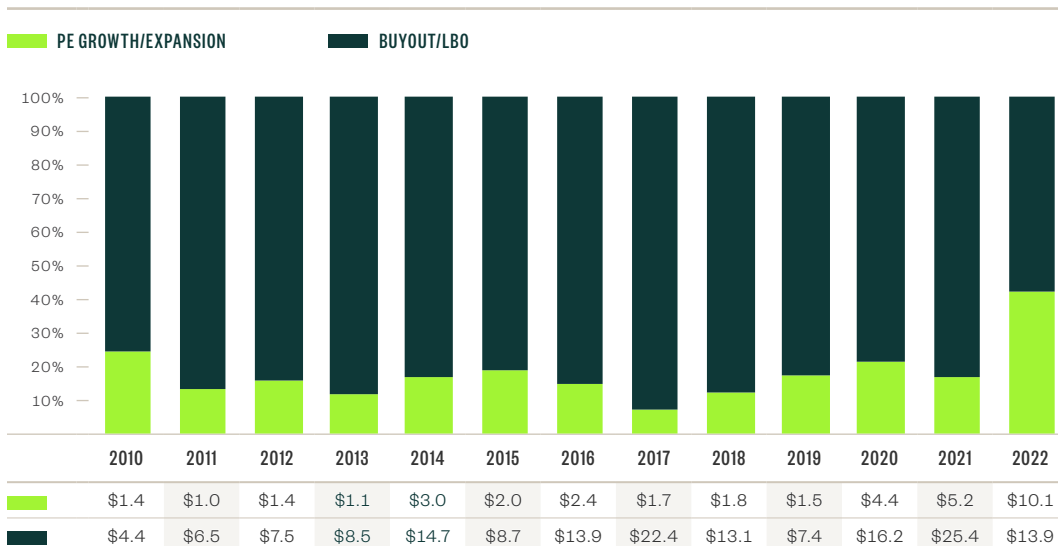


FIGURE 10: Share of US ESG PE Deal Count by Size

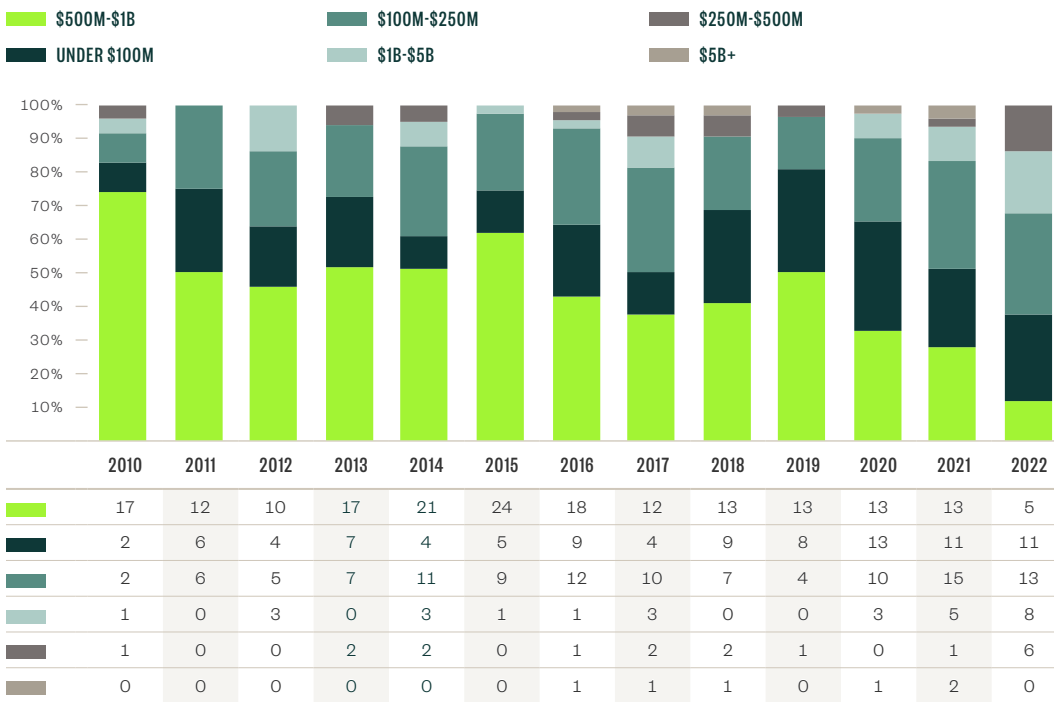


FIGURE 11: Share of US ESG PE Deal Value (\$B) by Region

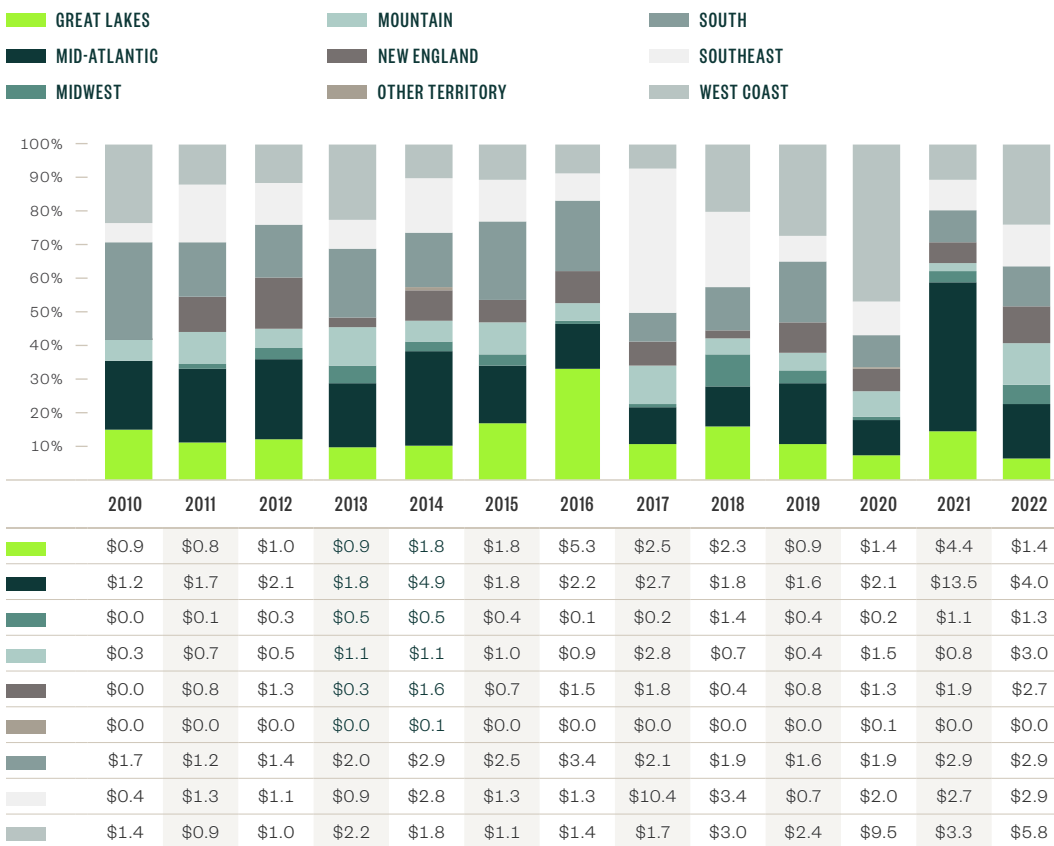


FIGURE 12: US PE ESG Exit Activity

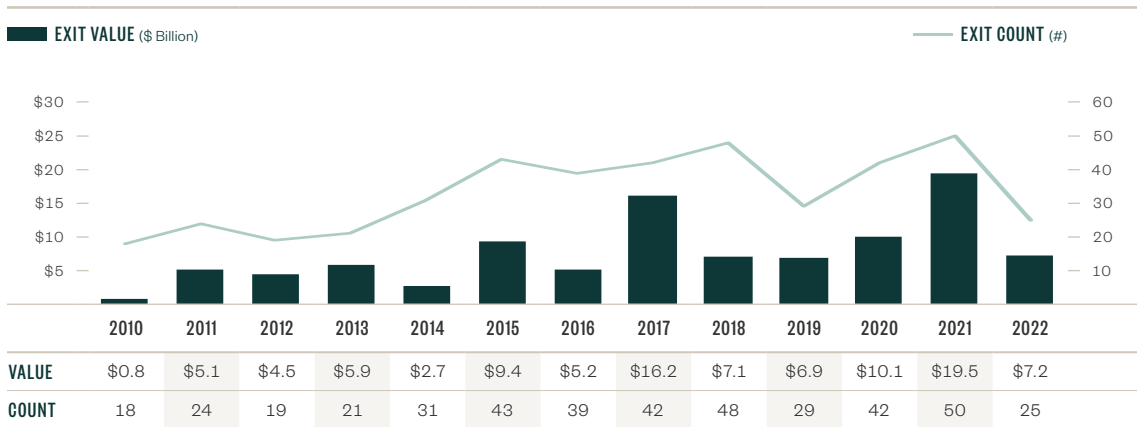


FIGURE 13: Median and Average US ESG PE Exit Size (\$M)

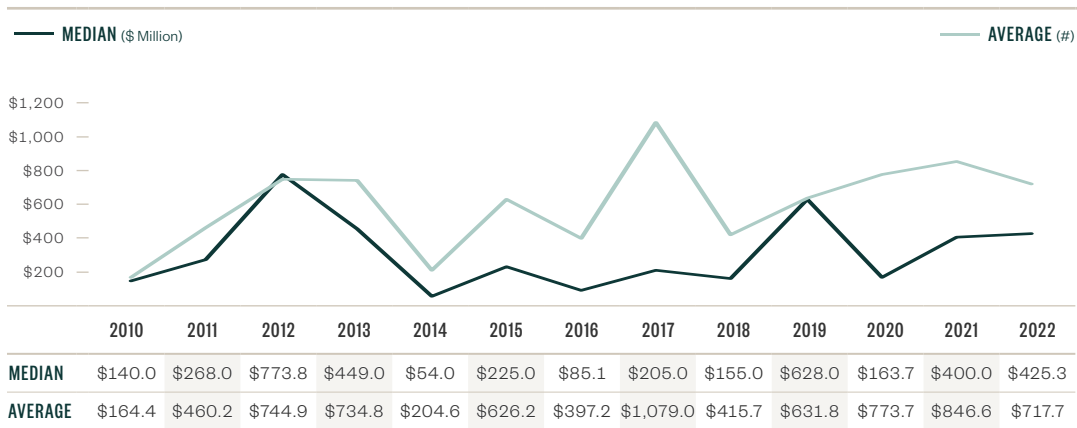


FIGURE 14: US PE ESG Exit Count by Type

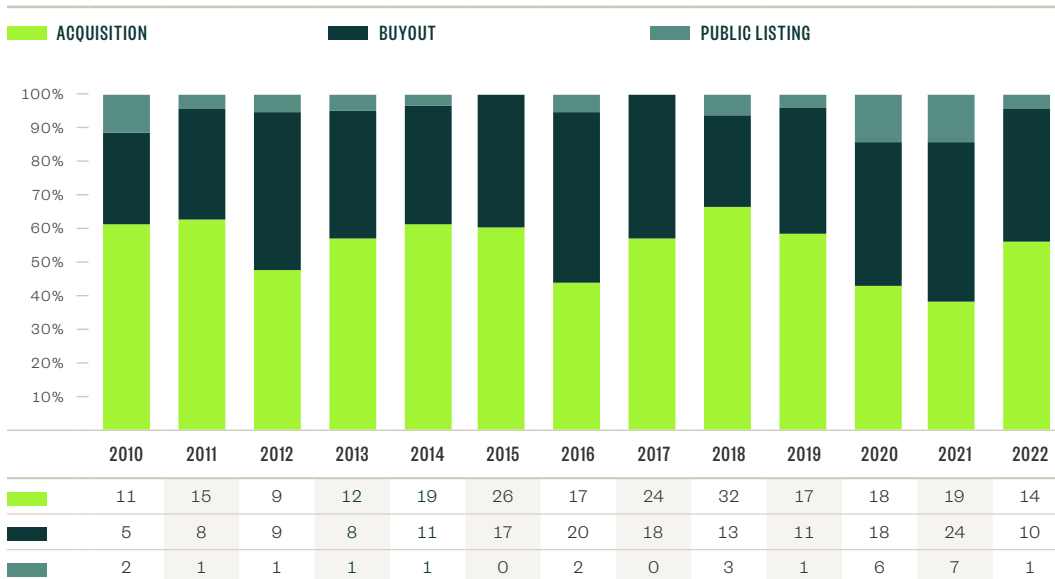
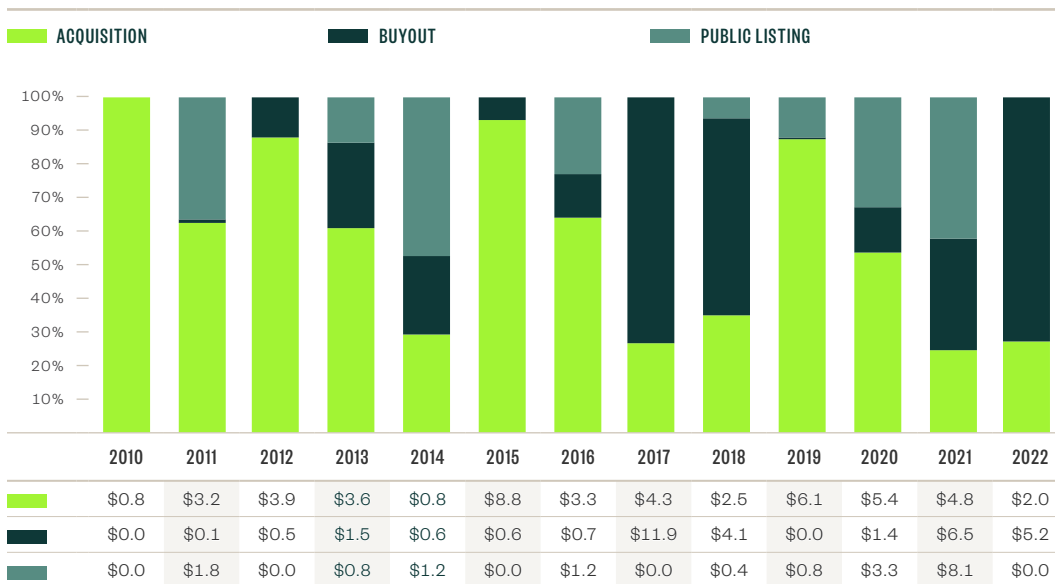


FIGURE 15: US PE ESG Exit Value (\$B) by Type



PRIVATE EQUITY FIRMS KEEP INVESTING, BUT MANY SCALE BACK OWNERSHIP STAKES

While nascent environmental investments might appear better suited to the venture world, PE firms are also keen on them. The majority ownership structure of PE investments has resulted in more aggregate dollars invested in environmental deals over the past decade by PE firms compared to their VC counterparts—although PE investment in the space experienced several peak and valley years of aggregate deal value.

The period from 2006–2011 is commonly referred to as cleantech 1.0. Investors—primarily VC—ramped up cleantech investments but suffered disappointing returns for those investments in the years following.

A subsequent report from [MIT Energy Initiative](#) concluded that many portfolio companies failed to achieve manufacturing scale in time, and the increased diversity of investor types with the ability to write larger checks could boost performance in the future.

PE firms possess the high levels of capital necessary to bring companies forward into maturity and scale.

In 2017, PE deal value revved up again, growing 48.1% to what was at that time a record \$24.1 billion. This record wasn’t broken until 2021, when PE deal value totaled \$30.5 billion. Following similar trends across the private markets, PE deal value declined moderately in 2022 after reaching record highs in 2021. The pullback in PE activity was, however, less severe in 2022 than in previous years of decline.

Sustained PE involvement in times of economic turbulence highlights how the relevance of environmental verticals has spread across the spectrum of company maturity.



INTEREST RATE IMPACTS

Higher interest rates took a more pronounced toll on traditional and leveraged buyouts (LBOs) after several years of inexpensive financing. At the same time, growth and expansion deals, which often involve a smaller ownership stake, rose in popularity.

Deal value for this segment nearly doubled and took up a record share of total PE deal value in 2022, while deal value for buyouts and LBOs declined by almost half. Minority investments can provide exposure to innovative verticals and diversify portfolios with lower risk than traditional buyout structures.

A prudent approach to ESG investing is warranted given ambiguity surrounding definitions and methodologies; therefore, smaller ownership stakes can provide PE firms with alternative ways to engage in ESG initiatives.

“For banks, ESG is quickly moving from an ethical question to an economic question. Customers, investors, and regulators are increasing their focus on ESG. As a cornerstone of society, banks have significant opportunities that include not only how they do business but with whom they do business. Banks of all sizes should include ESG as a prominent component of their risk appetite assessments.”

–Jeff Clair, Partner, Financial Institutions Practice

Middle market deals—transactions between \$25 million and \$1 billion—also took up a larger slice of PE activity in 2022, representing 53.0% of environmental deals compared to 35.8% in 2021. Increased activity in this size bucket reflects changes in the dealmaking environment and variety of opportunity sizes.

FIGURE 16: US ESG M&A Deal Activity

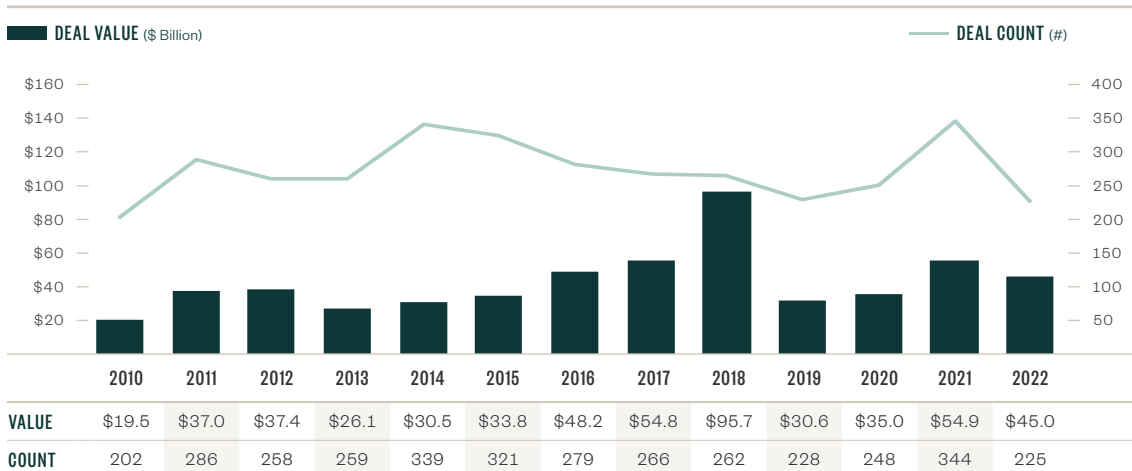


FIGURE 17: Median US ESG M&A Deal Size (\$M) by Type

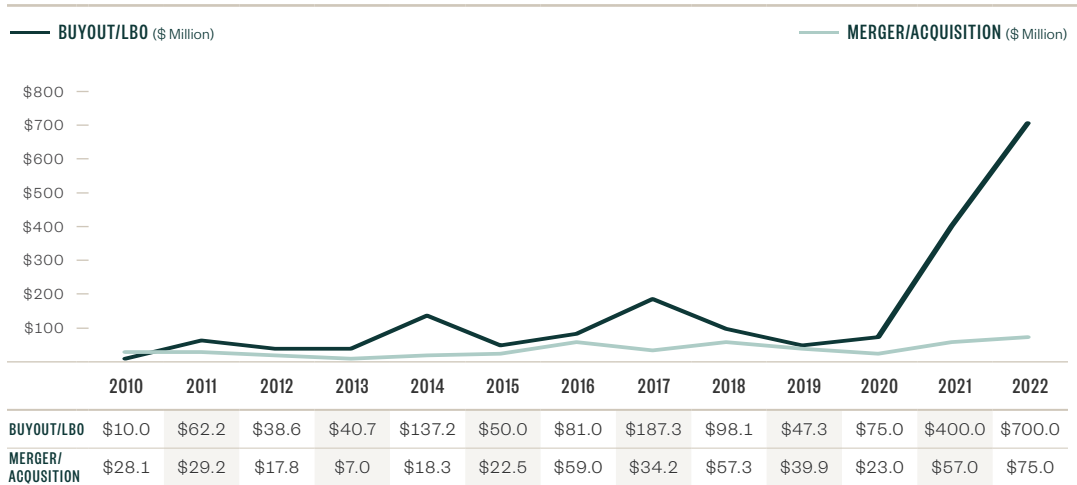


FIGURE 18: Share of US ESG M&A Deal Value (\$B) by Type

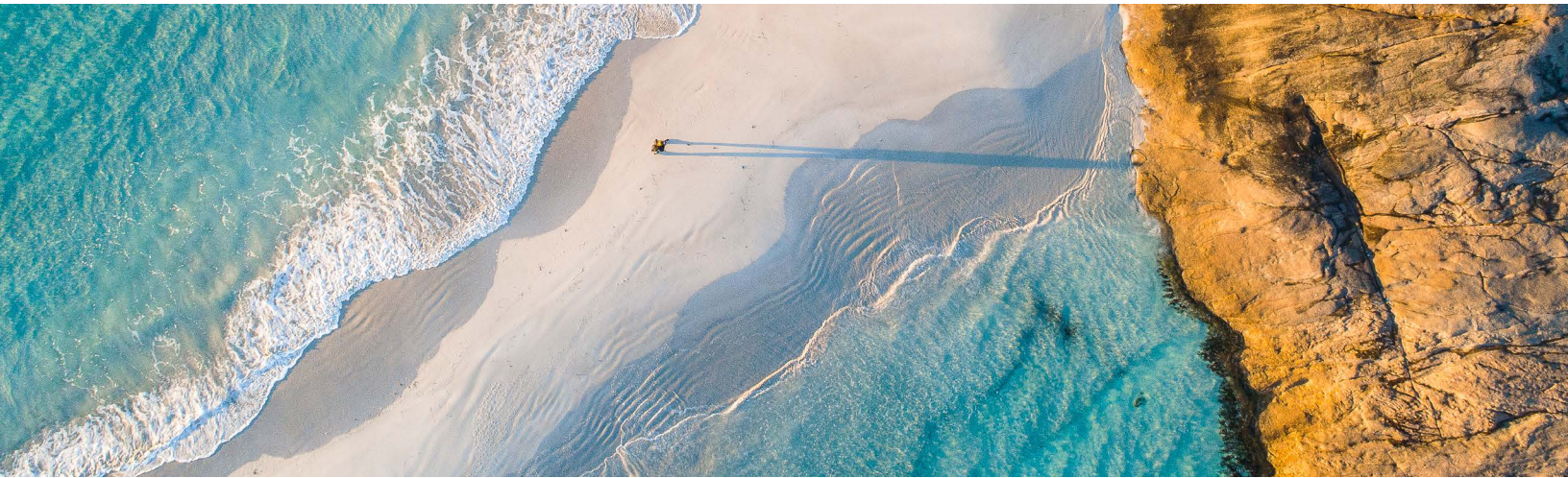
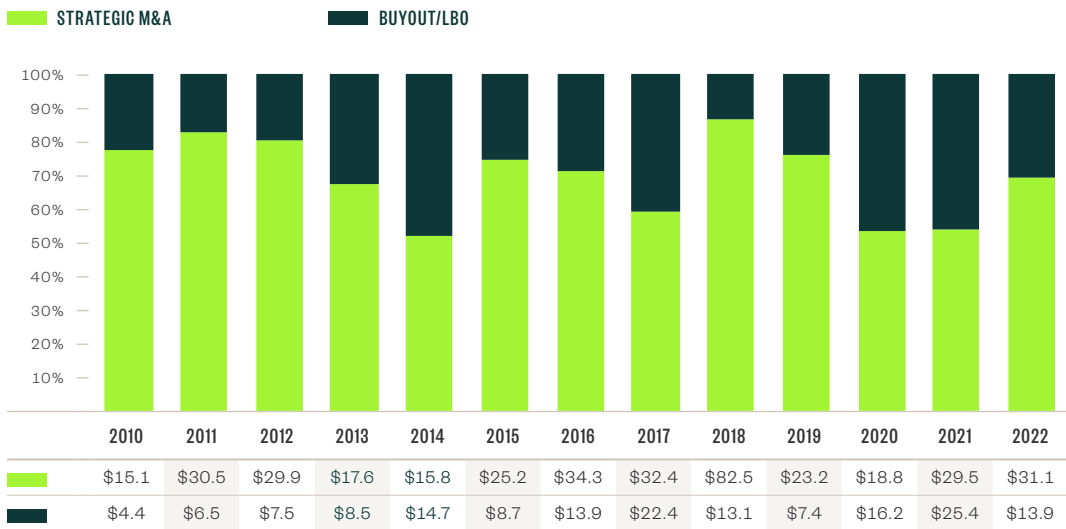


FIGURE 19: Share of US ESG M&A Deal Value (\$B) by Size

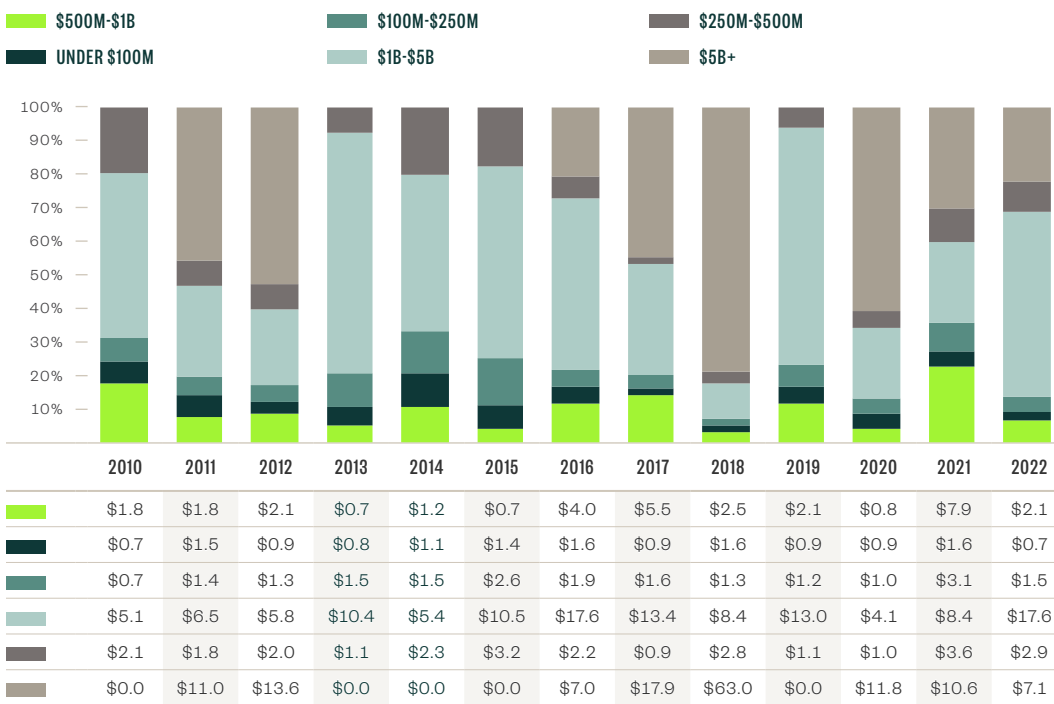


FIGURE 20: Share of US ESG M&A Deal Count by Size

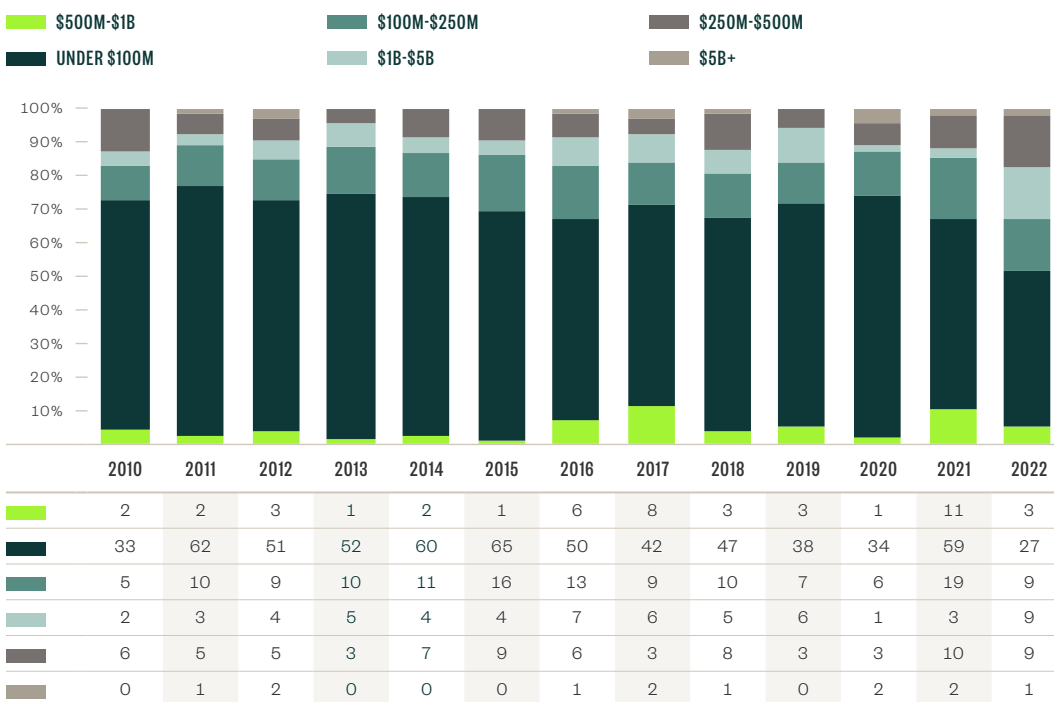
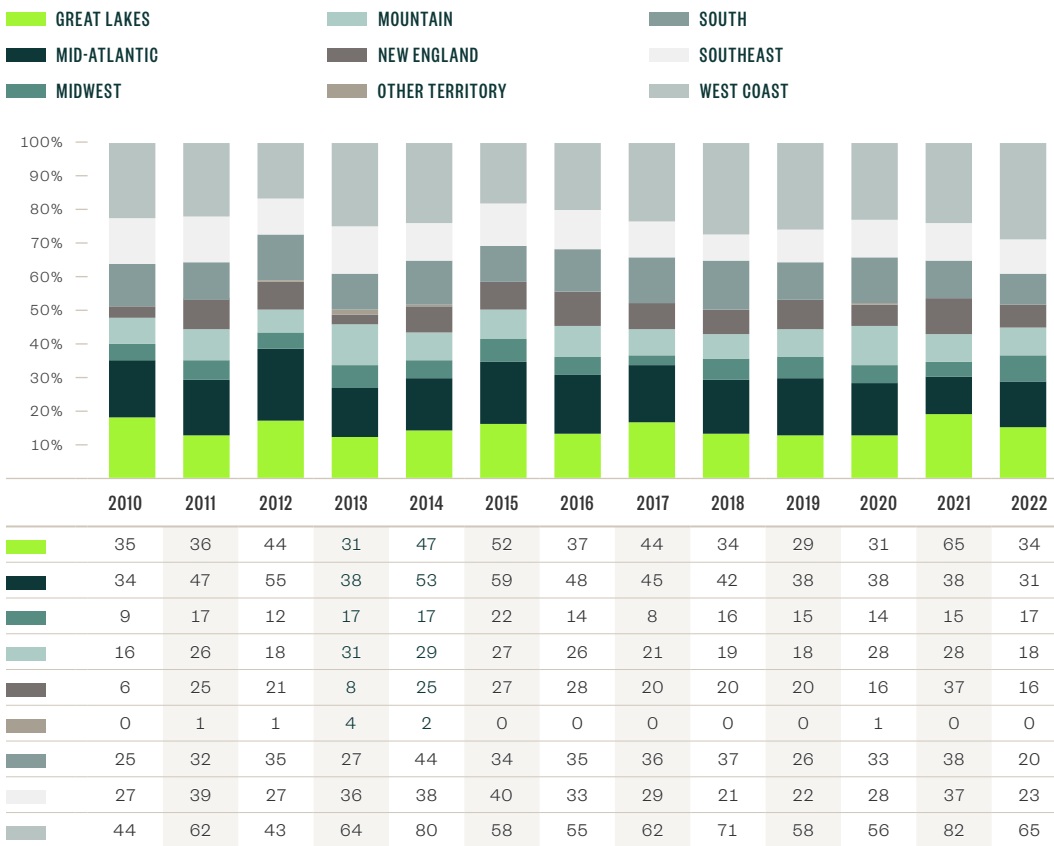


FIGURE 21: Share of US ESG M&A Deal Count by Region

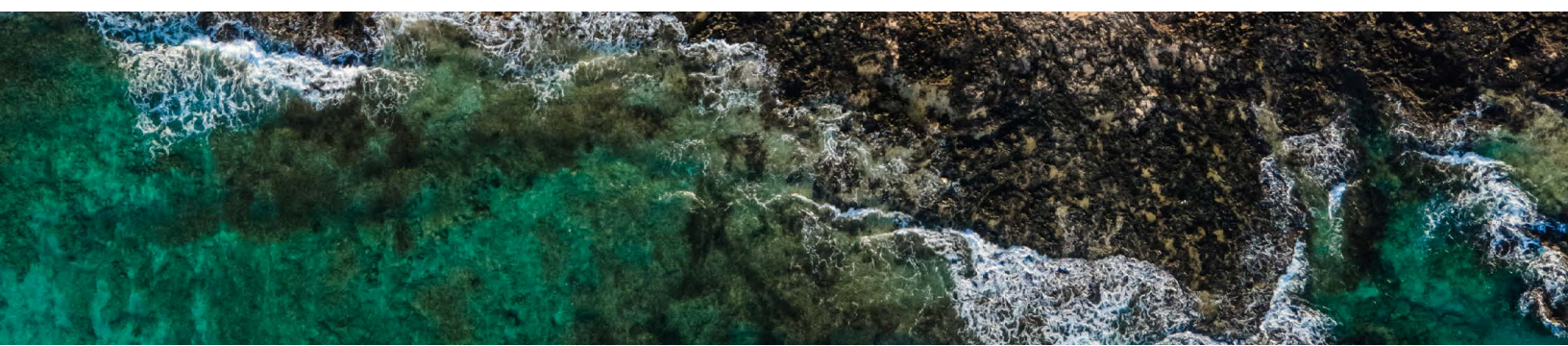


M&A DEALMAKING DECLINES MODESTLY, BUT LARGER DEALS CONTINUE TO CLOSE

Consolidation signals some maturation of environmental innovations but is subject to broader market challenges. M&A transactions offer synergies and growth opportunities to companies when other paths become less favorable.

The IPO market remains unfavorable, and as company valuations drop, larger players may seize the opportunity to enter new territories or expand market share through M&A transactions.

M&A activity in the space totaled \$45.0 billion in 2022, down 18.0% from 2021. Deal count experienced a more pronounced 34.6% drop, meaning that while fewer companies closed M&A deals, the sizes of those deals made up for some of the overall decline.



The share of deal count in the smallest category (under \$100 million) dropped in 2022, while its share of the second-highest category (\$1 billion–\$5 billion) tripled. Smaller transactions that are less crucial for a company’s development are naturally the first to be sliced from budgets when preparing for an economic downturn.

On the other end of the spectrum, only 12 M&A deals in this space exceeded \$5 billion since 2010. The development of effective technologies with broad use cases and large addressable markets will contribute to long-term growth in these larger segments. Inflation and high lending costs will increase individual deal sizes in the short-term future as well.

The decline in aggregate M&A deal value in 2022, however, highlights how many companies are moving into preservation mode, as they’re no longer flush with cash and willing to take on the risk of a new acquisition.

Investors are also likely to balk at any acquisitions that aren’t mission critical as recession concerns persist.

FIGURE 22: US ESG VC Deal Activity

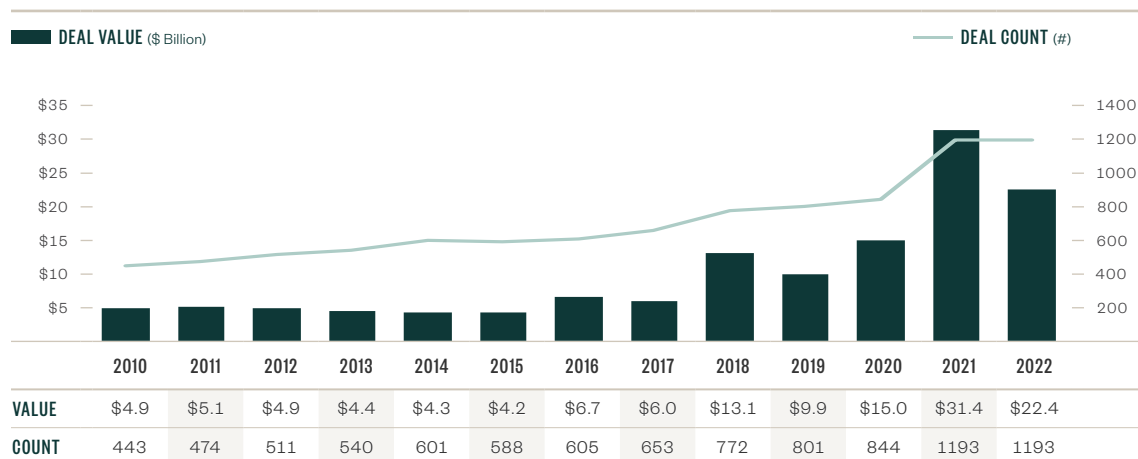


FIGURE 23: Median US ESG VC Deal Size (\$M) by Type

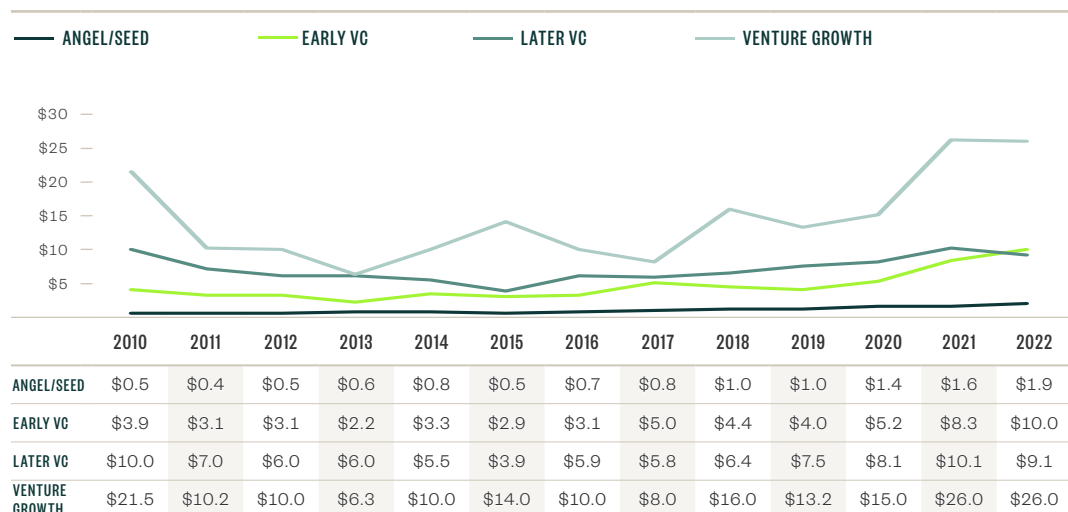


FIGURE 24: Median US ESG VC Pre-Money Valuation (\$M) by Type

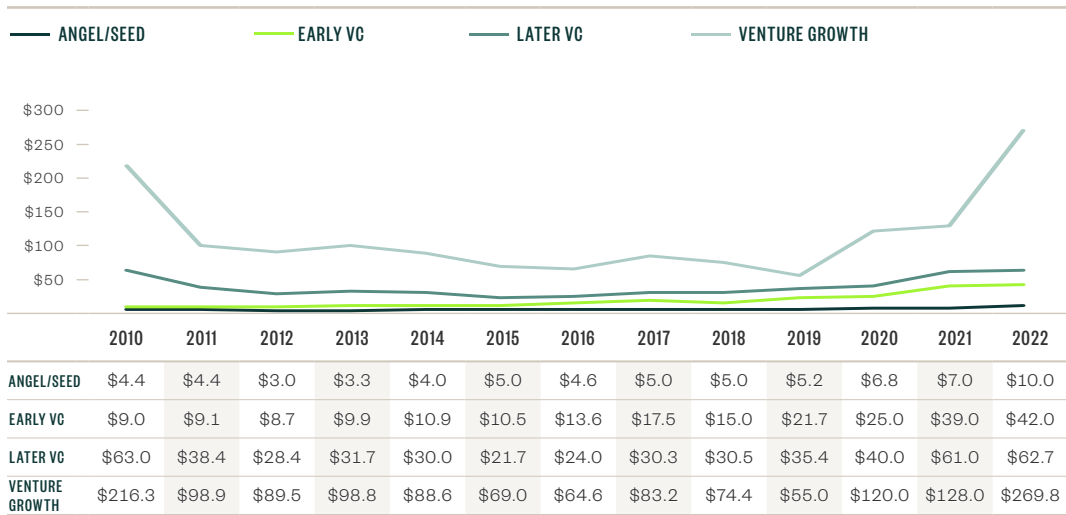


FIGURE 25: US ESG VC First-Financing Deal Activity

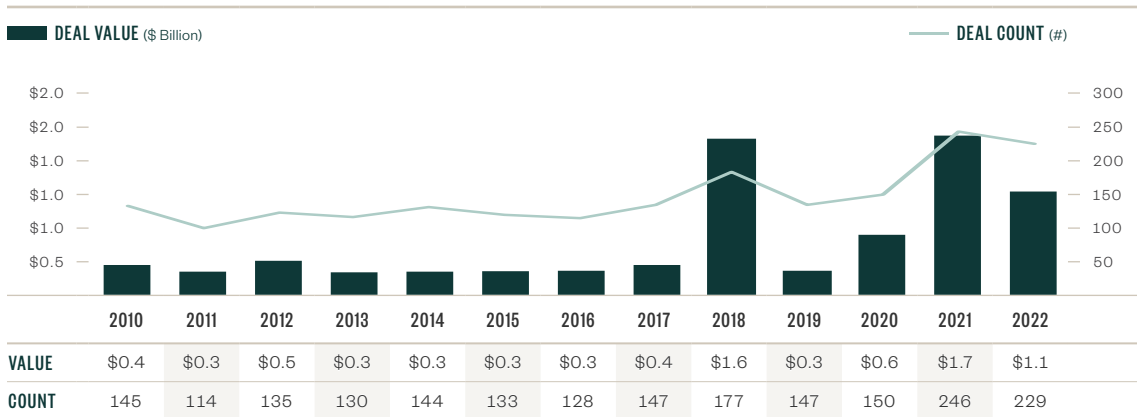


FIGURE 26: Share of US ESG VC Deal Value (\$B) by Type

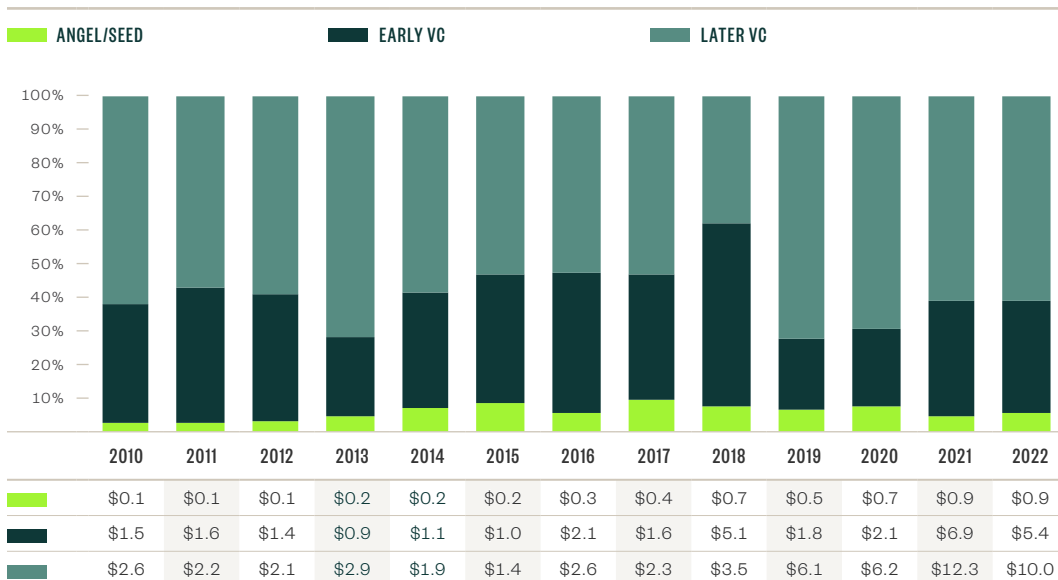


FIGURE 27: Share of US ESG VC Deal Value (\$B) by Series

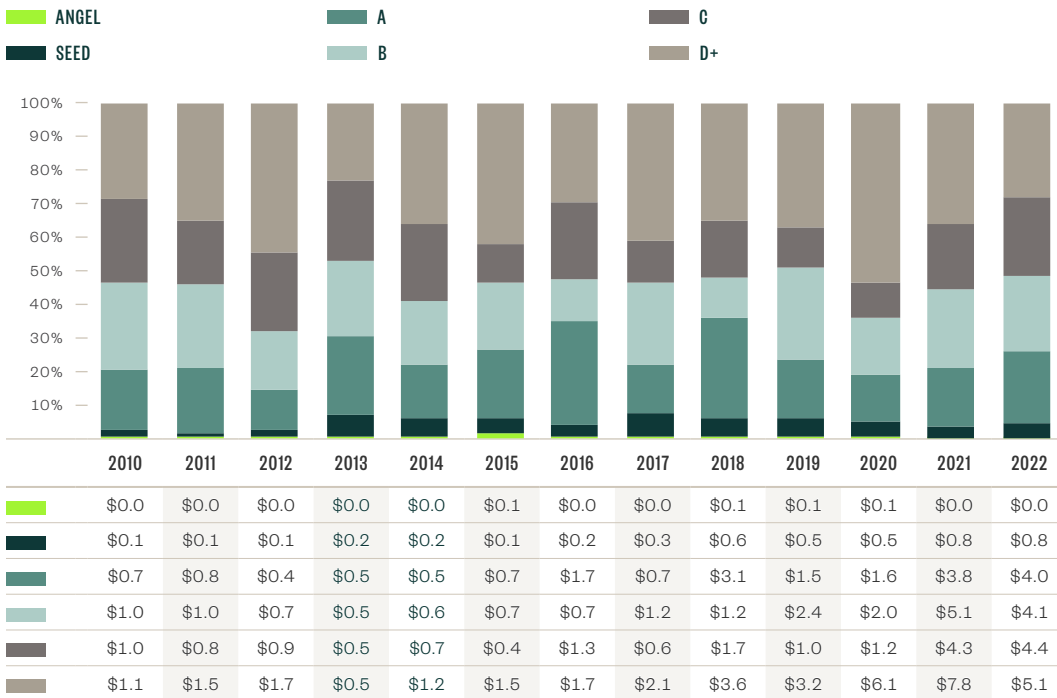


FIGURE 28: Share of US ESG VC Deal Count by Size

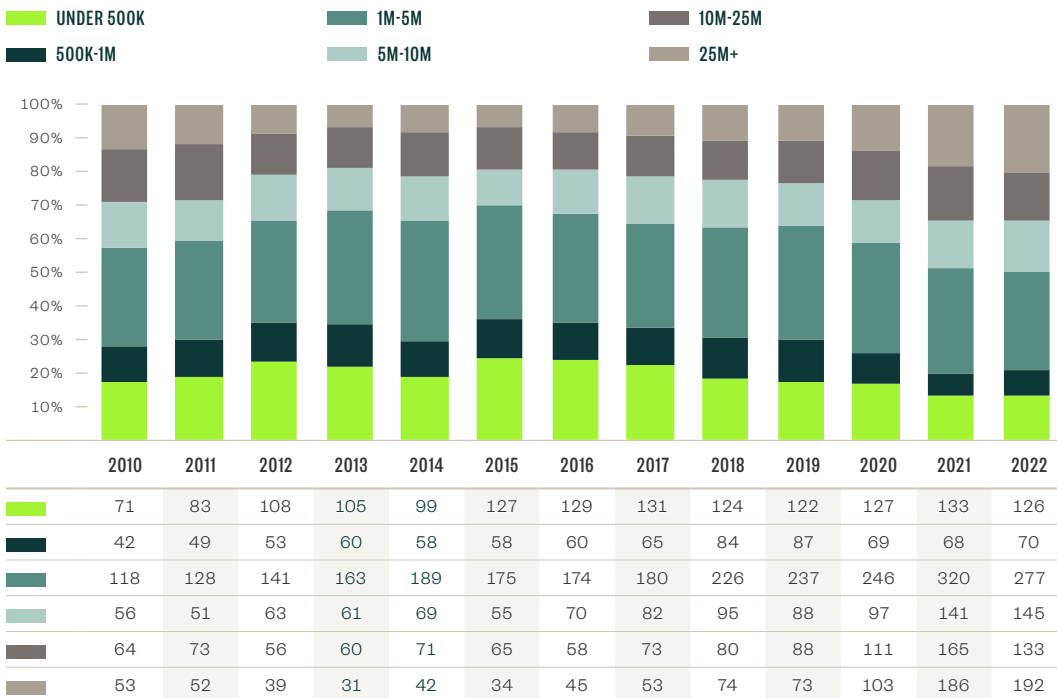


FIGURE 29: Share of US ESG VC Deal Count by Region

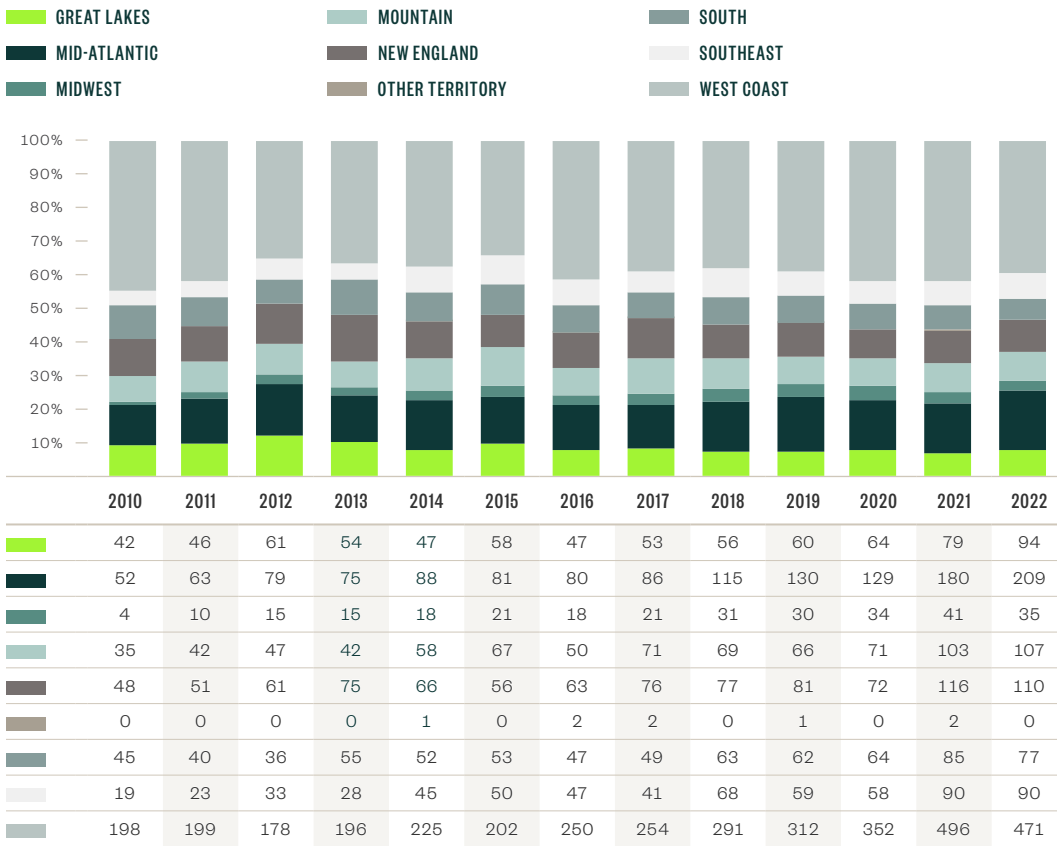


FIGURE 30: US ESG VC Exit Activity

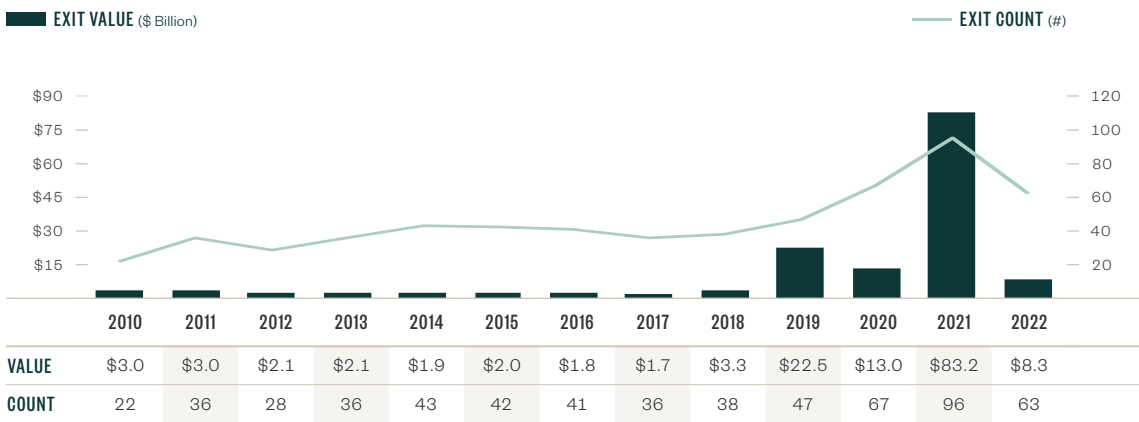
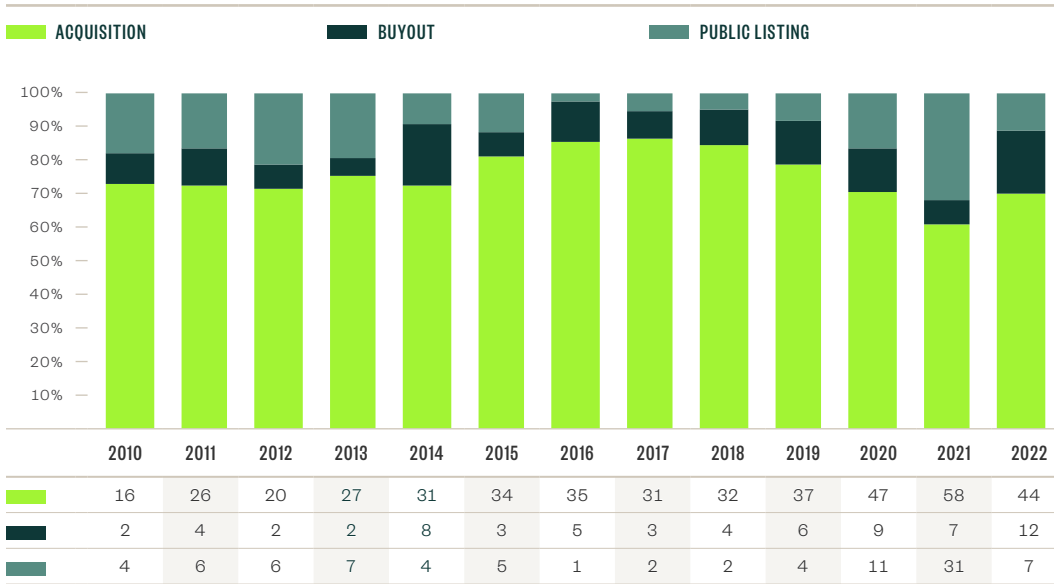


FIGURE 31: Share of US ESG VC Exit Count by Type



VENTURE CAPITAL ACTIVITY SLOWED IN 2022, BUT INVESTORS REMAIN COMMITTED

Investment in environmental sustainability isn’t new but has grown in response to increased demand and the emergence of ESG funds. Environmental deal value made impressive gains in 2021, as the rising tide of VC activity lifted all boats.

Notably, investment grew each year between 2019 and 2021, demonstrating resilience even during times of COVID-19 disruption. While other spaces experienced a decline in VC investment, the long-term viability of sustainable operations retained investor interest and dollars. Astounding growth occurred in 2021, with deal value more than doubling.

“As interest in ESG funds continues to grow, stakeholders, including investors, lenders, customers, and employees, are demanding transparency, accuracy, and consistency of ESG reporting and disclosure of the related risks at levels equal to companies’ financial reporting. Leading companies aggressively greening their supply chains also raised the bar for thousands of businesses that sell through or provide services to their retail channels.”

– Justin Neff, Partner, ESG Assurance Services

In 2022, the market landscape worsened, and VC deal value declined by 28.6% year over year, but this wasn’t enough to negate the increase that occurred in 2021. The first quarter of 2022 set the record for the number of deals closed in a single quarter, but deal count dropped moderately over the next two quarters before rebounding slightly in the fourth quarter.

By the end of the year, total VC deal value notched its second-highest annual level—only overshadowed by the year prior. Macroeconomic pressures contributed to

some deflation in investment activity across the three verticals, demonstrating that although investors were committed to environmental innovation, they weren't immune to the global VC slowdown.

The recent rise in funding for innovative companies is reflected in deal activity for companies raising their first VC rounds as well. There was a large spike in first-time financing deal value in the space in 2018—due primarily to the exuberant response to electric vehicles. More than half that year's total deal value was attributed to Canoo (NAS: GOEV), which raised \$1.0 billion in its first VC round in March 2018.

A second major year-over-year spike (165.0%) in first-time financing activity happened in 2021, alongside a proportionate rise in broader VC dealmaking. In 2022, while first-time financing deal value declined moderately (34.5%), it remained above the significant \$1.0 billion threshold surpassed in 2021, indicating more sustained dealmaking for new entrants than in prior years. An influx of new companies investing in ESG verticals will have a delayed effect on overall deal activity and will contribute to competition for environmental innovation.

LOOKING FORWARD

“As organizations pursue ESG initiatives to support their values and meet the expectations of stakeholders, it's crucial to implement, track, report, and assure standards that accurately define and measure your progress.”

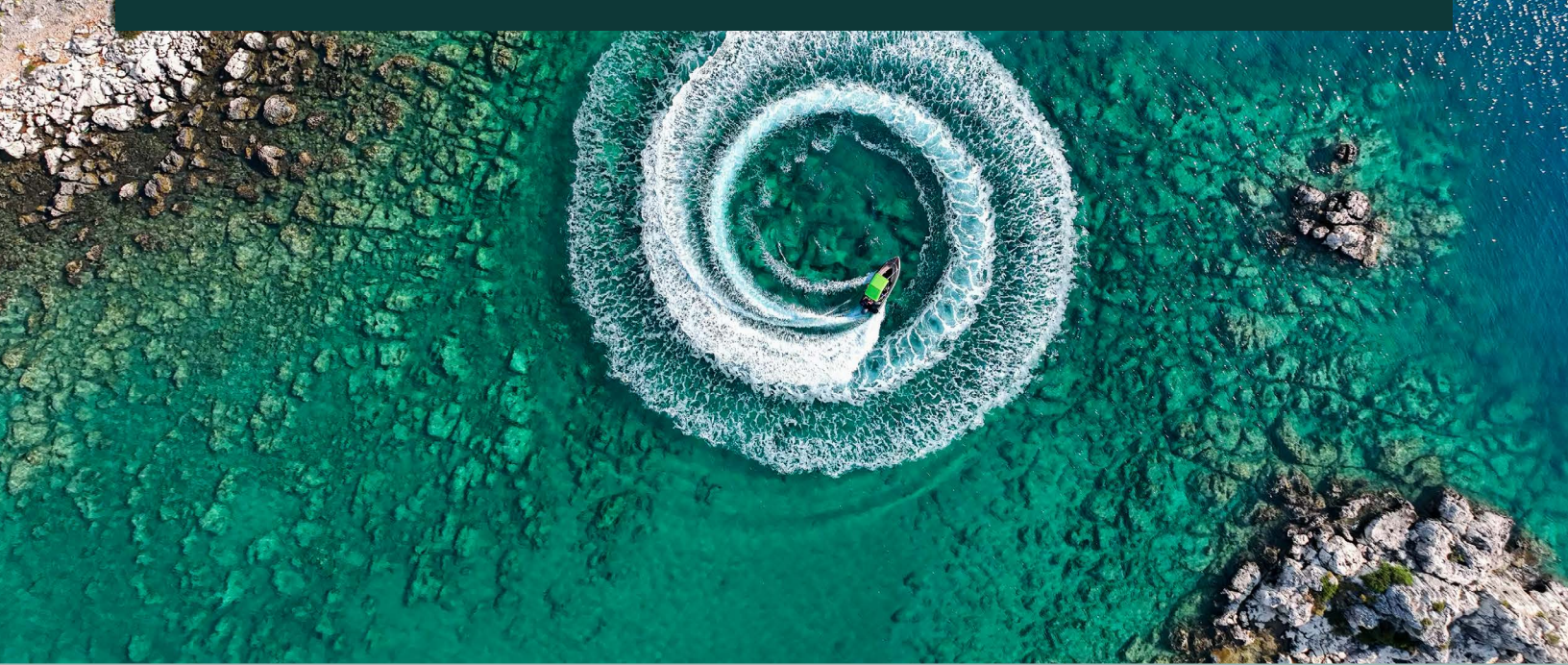
– Colleen Rozillis, Partner, ESG Services

Environmental investments solidified their presence in the private markets, generating more than \$90 billion in deal value in 2022. VC deal activity in particular sustained a material rise over the past several years despite macroeconomic challenges that contributed to short-term declines.

While PE investment in environmental verticals demonstrated more cyclicalities over the past decade, the maturation of certain technologies may solidify increased involvement in the coming years. As market volatility persists, companies with declining valuations should provide opportunities for PE firms, and these conditions may buoy PE interest.

The return on investment for ESG commitments will certainly set the tone for future levels of investment across all investor types, as will standardized ESG ranking systems and frameworks, although these will take time to converge and provide clarity.

The benefits of increasing the sustainability of supply chains, transportation, and food sources for a growing global population are numerous, and private investors and companies alike are working to make them possible.



SECTION FOUR

Methodology

The scope of ESG was defined using relevant PitchBook verticals of agricultural tech (agtech), clean technology (cleantech), and climate technology (climate tech).

M&A deal values were extrapolated. Otherwise, PitchBook's standard methodologies for report datasets covering M&A, PE, and VC were used. Full details can be [found here](#).

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